May 8, 2020

commentletters@ifrs.org

**IFRS Foundation**
Columbus Building
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**Reference: Exposure Draft ED 2020/2 – COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions**

The Comitê de Pronunciamentos Contábeis - CPC (Brazilian Accounting Pronouncements Committee)\(^1\) welcomes the opportunity to respond to the ED 2020/2 – COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions.

We are a standard-setting body engaged in the study, development and issuance of accounting standards, interpretations and guidance for Brazilian companies.

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If you have any questions about our comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at operacoes@cpc.org.br.

Yours sincerely,

Rogério Lopes Mota
Chair of International Affairs
Comitê de Pronunciamentos Contábeis (CPC)

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\(^1\)The Brazilian Accounting Pronouncements Committee (CPC) is a standard-setting body engaged in the study, development and issuance of accounting standards, interpretations and guidances for Brazilian companies. Our members are nominated by the following entities: ABRASCA (Brazilian Listed Companies Association), APIMEC (National Association of Capital Market Investment Professionals and Analysts), B3 (Brazilian Stock Exchange and Mercantile & Future Exchange), CFC (Federal Accounting Council), FIPECAFI (Financial and Accounting Research Institute Foundation) and IBRACON (Brazilian Institute of Independent Auditors).
**Question 1**

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<th>Practical expedient (paragraphs 46A and 46B of the [Draft] amendment to IFRS 16)</th>
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<td>Paragraph 46A of the draft amendment to IFRS 16 proposes, as a practical expedient, that a lessee may elect not to assess whether a covid-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election would account for any change in lease payments resulting from the covid-19-related rent concession the same way it would account for the change applying IFRS 16 if the change were not a lease modification.</td>
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<td>Paragraph 46B of the draft amendment to IFRS 16 proposes that the practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met:</td>
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<td>(a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;</td>
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<td>(b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due in 2020; and</td>
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<td>(c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.</td>
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<td>Do you agree that this practical expedient would provide lessees with practical relief while enabling them to continue providing useful information about their leases to users of financial statements? Why or why not? If you disagree with the proposal, please explain what you propose and why.</td>
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Response: We agree with inclusion of 46A and B. We believe that those amendments shall be made as soon as possible. However, we have the following concerns:

- Use of term ‘direct consequence’ in paragraph 46B. The volatility that companies face on 2020 may be due to other effects that are indirectly related to COVID-19 (e.g., oil price decrease). We suggest that the Board revise this wording in order to allow lessees to adopt the practical expedient for other impacts that may indirectly related to the pandemic.
- Reduction in lease payments affects ‘only payments originally due in 2020’. If, for example, some reductions of lease payments are due at the beginning of 2021, would those payments not be considered for the election of the practical expedient? It seems that those early 2021 payments should also be considered in the adoption of the IFRS 16 practical expedient.
- We suggest that the Board include the impacts to the lessors in the IFRS 16 revision.
Question 2

Effective date and transition (paragraphs C1A and C20A of the [Draft] amendment to IFRS 16)

Paragraphs C1A and C20A of the draft amendment to IFRS 16 propose that a lessee would apply the amendment:

(a) for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020. Earlier application is permitted, including in financial statements not yet authorised for issue at the date the amendment is issued; and
(b) retrospectively, recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the lessee first applies the amendment.

Do you agree with this proposal? Why or why not? If you disagree with the proposal, please explain what you propose and why.

Response: We agree with the above proposal.